

Colonial Encounters

from *Ways of the World* Chapter 20

<p style="text-align: center;">Key Terms</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Scramble for Africa Leopold II Apartheid Indian “Sepoy” Rebellion Ram Mohan Roy</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Big Picture</p> <p>Factories in Europe need resources/raw materials and markets for finished goods. The competition to feed the factories led to the scramble to gain colonies around the world, because colonies meant wealth and power. The stage is set for World War I.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Important Dates</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1884</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Objectives</p> <p>Students should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • analyze the nature of 19th century European empires. • understand treatment of subjected peoples by the Europeans. • explain the extent the colonial experience transformed the lives of Asians and Africans. • compare European empires to earlier examples of empires. • evaluate the success of native opposition to European imperialism
<p style="text-align: center;">Document Analysis Create a Venn-diagram comparing docs 20.2 and 20.3</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Essential Understanding</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Describe the process of colonial takeover of Asia and Africa. 2. Explain the reactions of subjected peoples to the European colonial takeover. 3. How did cash-crop agriculture transform the lives of colonized peoples? 4. How were lives of African women altered by colonial economies? 5. What role did religion play in Africa and India in the colonial period?