

The Rise and Spread of Islam (Part II)

from *Traditions and Encounters* pp. 315-324

<p style="text-align: center;">Key Terms</p> <p style="text-align: center;">dar al-Islam sakk al-Andalus sufis</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Big Picture</p> <p>From agricultural products to attitudes toward women to cultural traditions, Islam was profoundly influenced by contact with other societies. As a result, Islam played a major role in the economy and culture of the post-classical world.</p>
	<p style="text-align: center;">Objectives</p> <p>Students should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate the rise and role of Dar al-Islam as a unifying cultural and economic force in Eurasia • Identify and explain the reason for Islamic accomplishments in the arts, science, and technology • Explain the development and shifts in interregional trade, technology, and cultural exchange • Analyze the effects of Islam on the status of women
<p style="text-align: center;">Document Analysis</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Chapter Questions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How did the introduction of new food crops impact Islamic society? 2. What advancements led to the creation of a hemispheric trade zone dominated by Muslims? 3. What was the status of women in <i>dar al-Islam</i>? How and why did it change? 4. How did Persia, India, and Greece impact Islamic culture?
	<p style="text-align: center;">Questions from Reading</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Answers to In Depth Questions Civilization and Gender</p>	